

Impact of Disruptions in the Tc-99m Supply Chain on Cardiac Testing

Venkatesh L. Murthy, MD, PhD

Director of Cardiac PET Research

Assistant Professor of Cardiovascular Medicine &
Radiology

University of Michigan

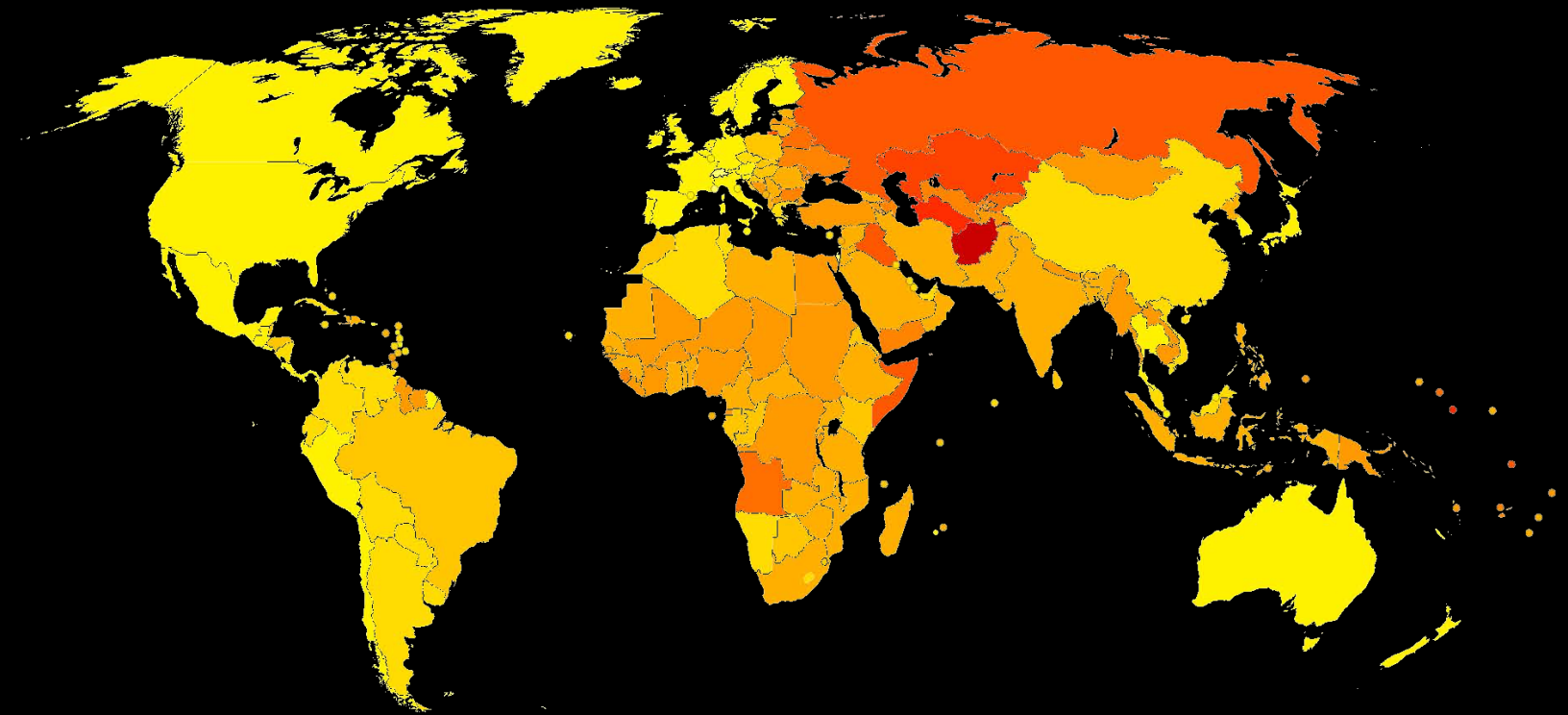


FRANKEL CARDIOVASCULAR
CENTER
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN HEALTH SYSTEM

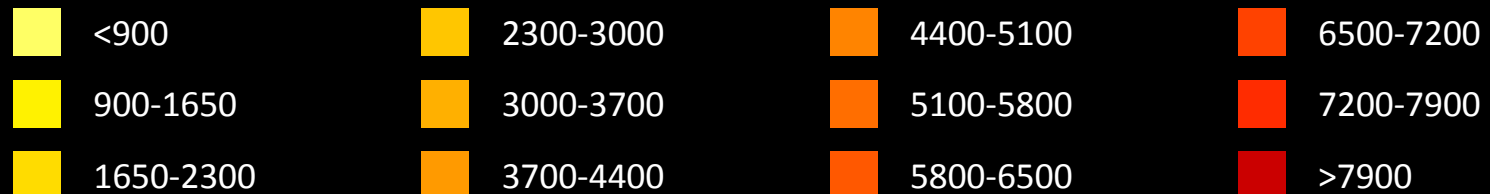
Disclosures

- Consulting/Speaking Honoraria:
 - INVIA Medical Imaging Solutions
 - Ionetix
 - Bracco Diagnostics
- Stock:
 - General Electric
 - Mallinckrodt
 - Cardinal Health
- Research Support:
 - National Cancer Institute
 - INVIA Medical Imaging Solutions
 - Intersocietal Accreditation Commission
 - Society of Nuclear Medicine & Molecular Imaging
 - Padnos Research Fund
 - Michigan Translational Research and Commercialization Program (MTRAC)

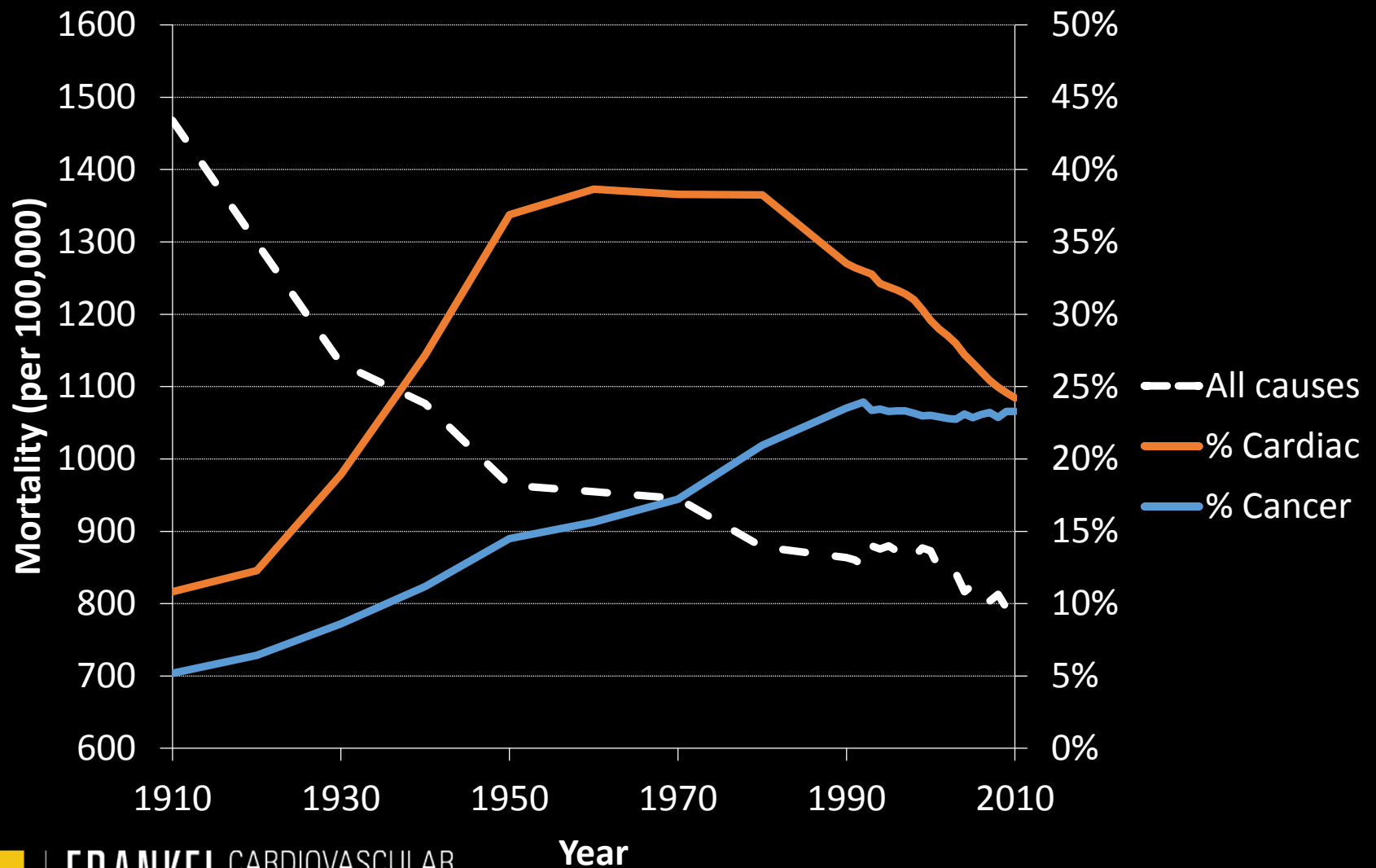
Cardiovascular Disease Worldwide



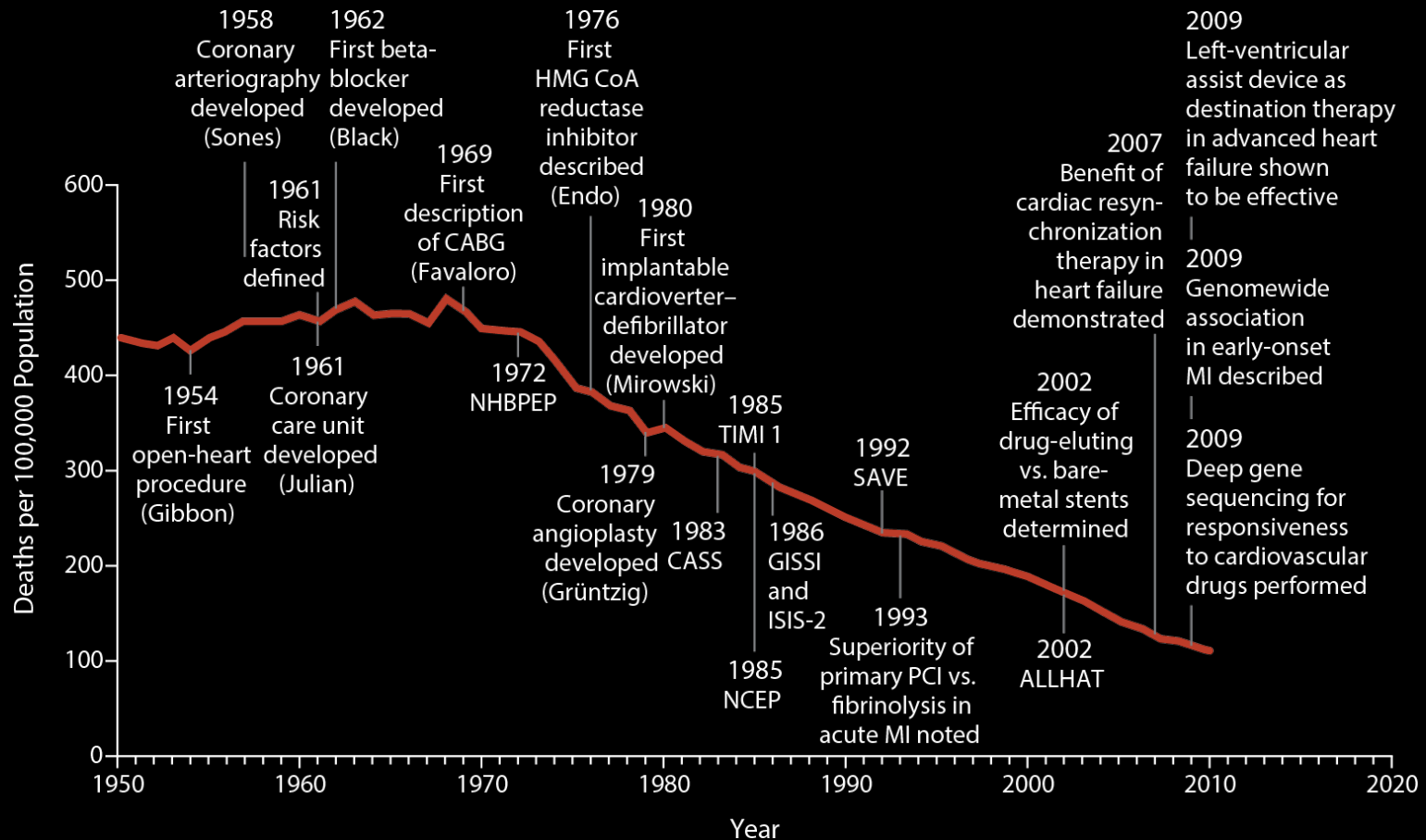
Disability Adjusted Life-Years Lost due to Cardiovascular Disease per 100,000



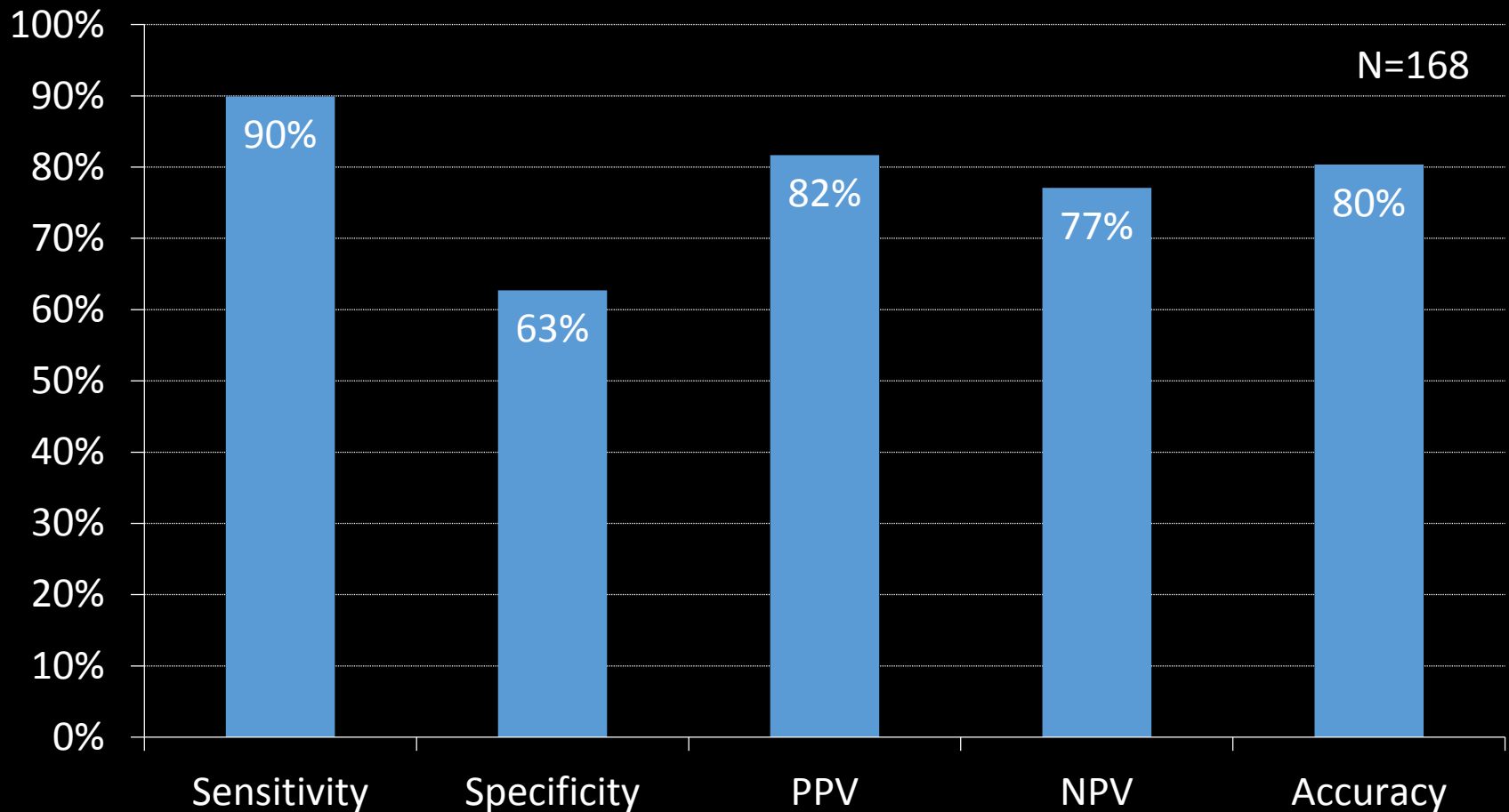
Temporal Trends in US Mortality



Steady Advancements in Cardiovascular Care

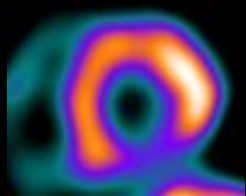


History and Physical Exam are Limited



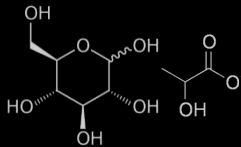
Stress Testing

ISCHEMIA



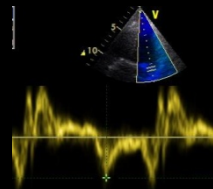
PERFUSION DEFECT

Mild stenoses may result in perfusion defects without any other abnormalities. These can be detected by a variety of imaging modalities, although nuclear methods (shown) are most common.



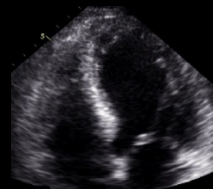
METABOLIC CHANGES

Shift from oxidative metabolism results in increased glucose utilization and lactate production. Increased adenosine levels may lead to adaptive responses. These are only detectable using invasive methods or with investigational imaging methods such as magnetic resonance spectroscopy.



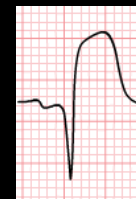
RELAXATION ABNORMALITIES

Impairments in diastolic relaxation occur before systolic dysfunction and can be detected with echocardiography (shown) and cardiac MRI. The use of these tools in stress testing remains investigational.



SYSTOLIC DYSFUNCTION

Regional and global systolic abnormalities can be detected with a variety of techniques including echocardiography (shown), nuclear methods and cardiac MRI



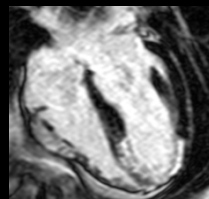
EKG CHANGES

EKG monitoring may reveal ST-segment depression or elevation depending on the severity of ischemia. This is a routine part of most stress testing modalities.



SYMPTOMS

Symptoms are a relatively late finding in the ischemic cascade. The occurrence of chest pain during stress testing may be a helpful adjunct, but is neither sensitive nor specific on its own.



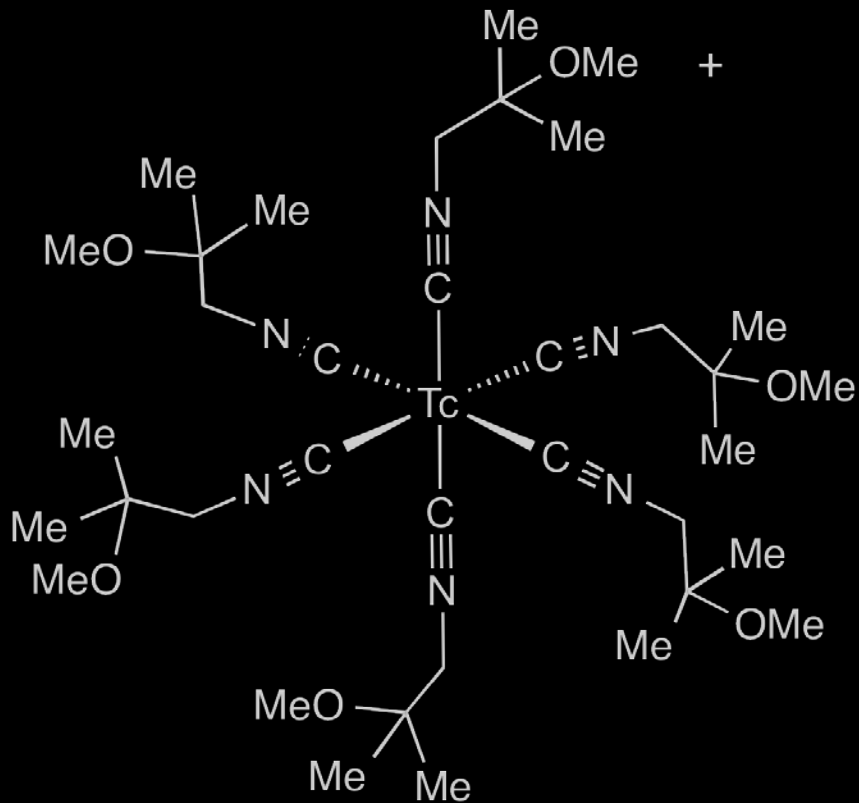
MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

Untreated ischemia may lead to myocardial infarction shown here as an area of late gadolinium enhancement on cardiac MRI.

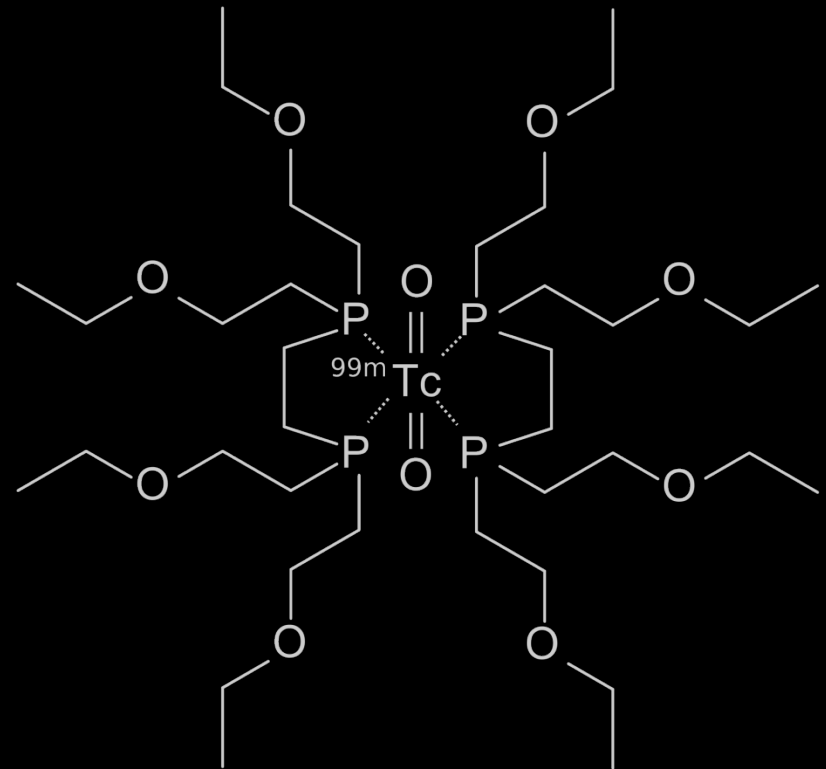
Approaches to Stress Testing



Single Photon Perfusion Tracers



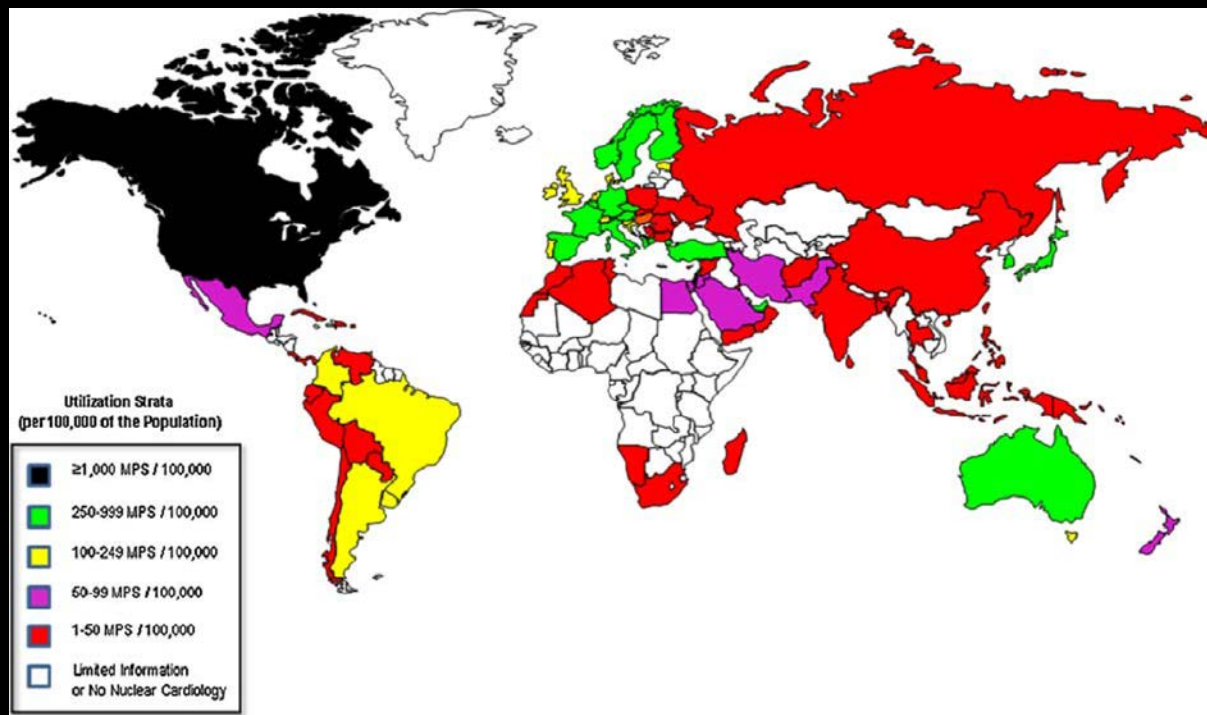
^{99m}Tc -Sestamibi



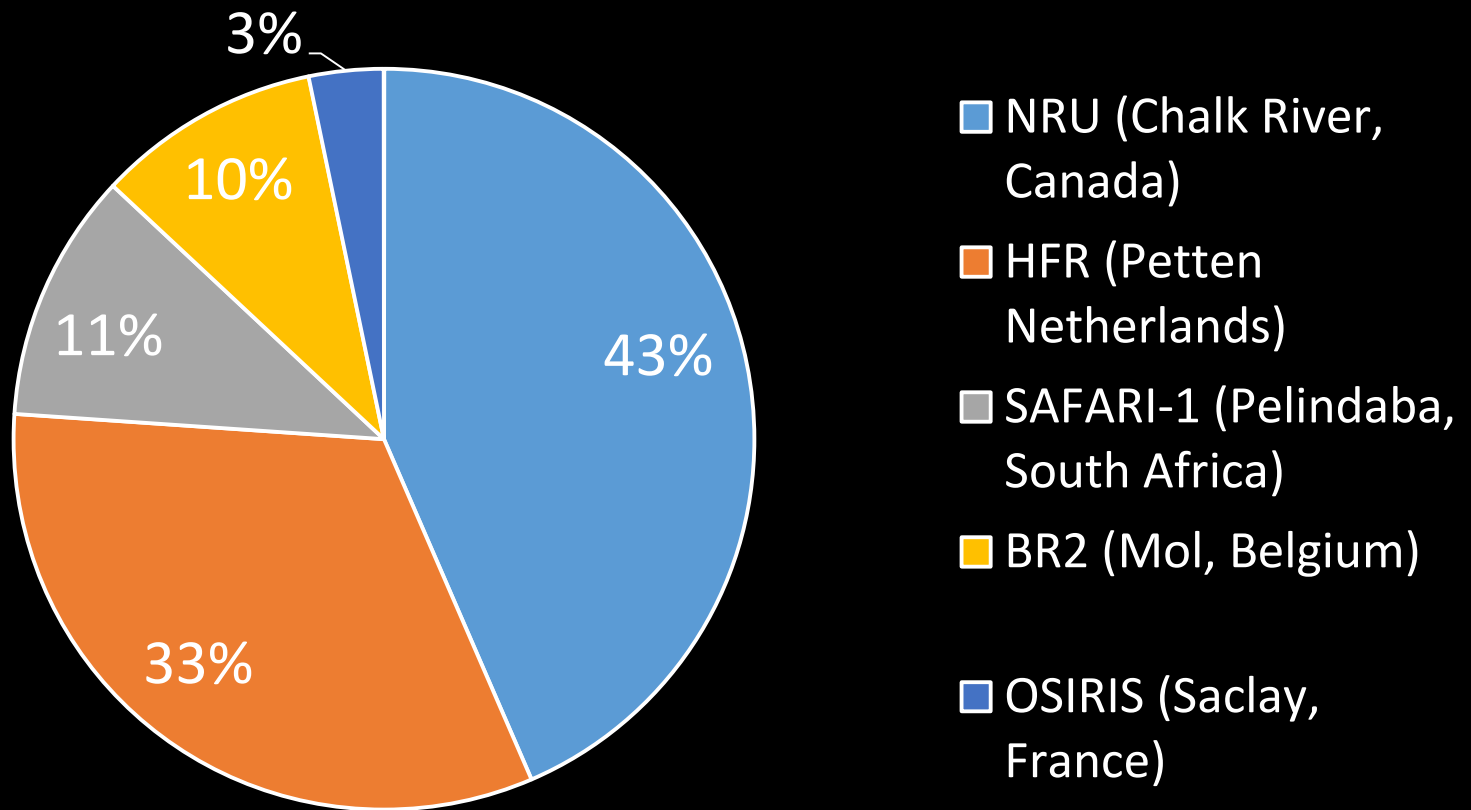
^{99m}Tc -Tetrofosmin

Utilization of SPECT Myocardial Perfusion Imaging

- 11 million MPI procedures annually in 2007
- More than 50% of US nuclear medicine procedures



Supply of Mo-99



Strategies to Cope with Supply Disruption

- Avoid unnecessary testing
- Use alternative SPECT radiotracers – Thallium-201
- Reduce activity administered
 - Stress only/stress first imaging
 - Advanced reconstructions/cameras
- Alternative testing
 - PET
 - CT
 - Echo
 - MRI

2009 Supply Disruption... What to Do?

Myocardial Perfusion Imaging with ^{201}Tl *

Robert A. Pagnanelli, BSRT(R)(N), CNMT, NCT¹, and Danny A. Basso, CNMT, NCT, FSNMTS²

¹Duke University Hospital, Durham, North Carolina; and ²Cardiac Imaging of Augusta, Augusta, Georgia

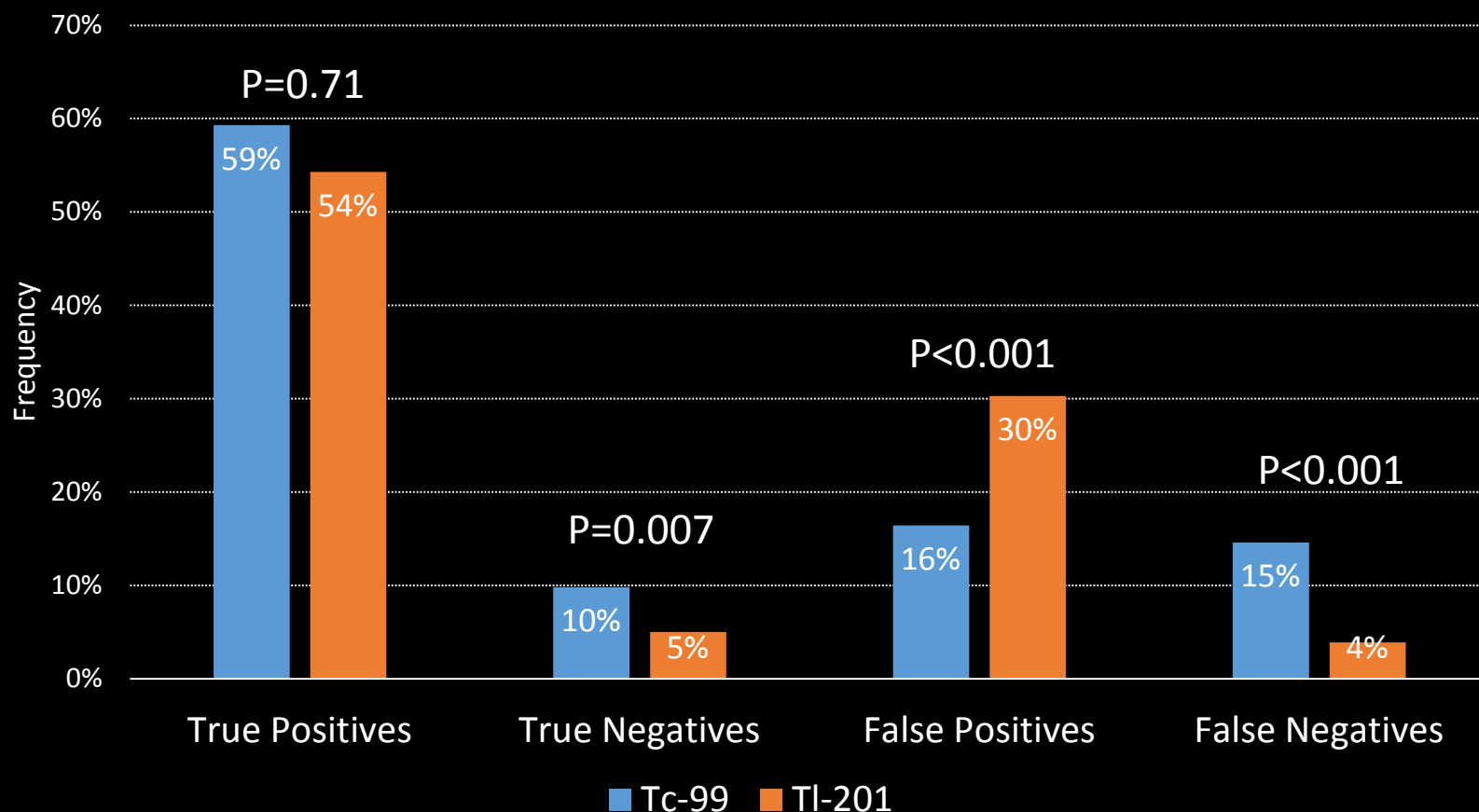
have reverted to ^{201}Tl – the radiopharmaceutical replaced by $^{99}\text{Tc}^{\text{m}}$ agents 15–20 years ago. It is produced by cyclotron and so its availability is not affected by reactor shutdowns. The quality of ^{201}Tl images has improved owing to advances in gamma-camera design and performance, but there is a generation of nuclear medicine consultants who have never worked with ^{201}Tl . They will require training in the use of this radiopharmaceutical and its image interpretation.

J Nucl Med Technol 2010; 38:1–3

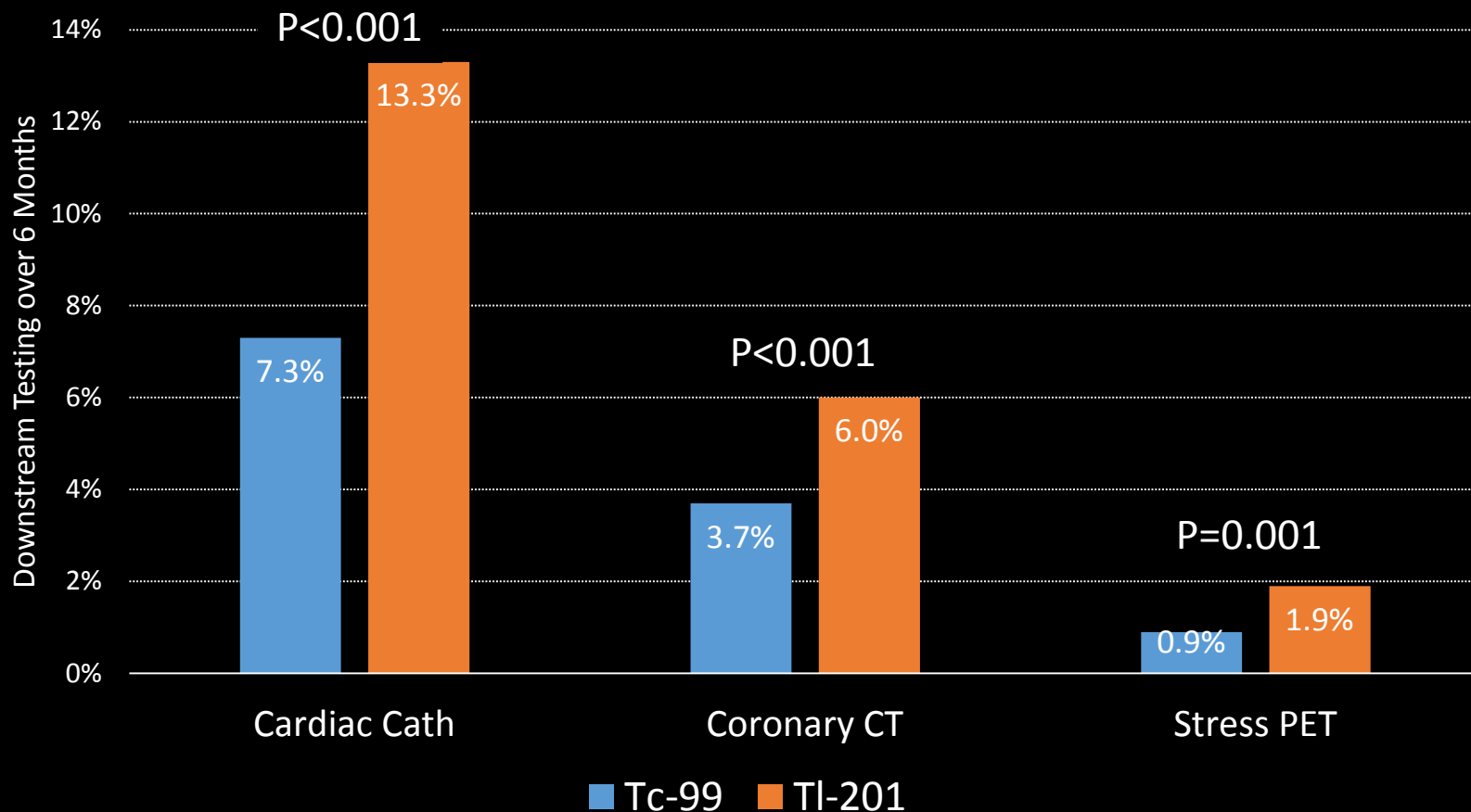
DOI: 10.2967/jnmt.109.068593



Ottawa Heart Institute: Shortage Worsened Accuracy



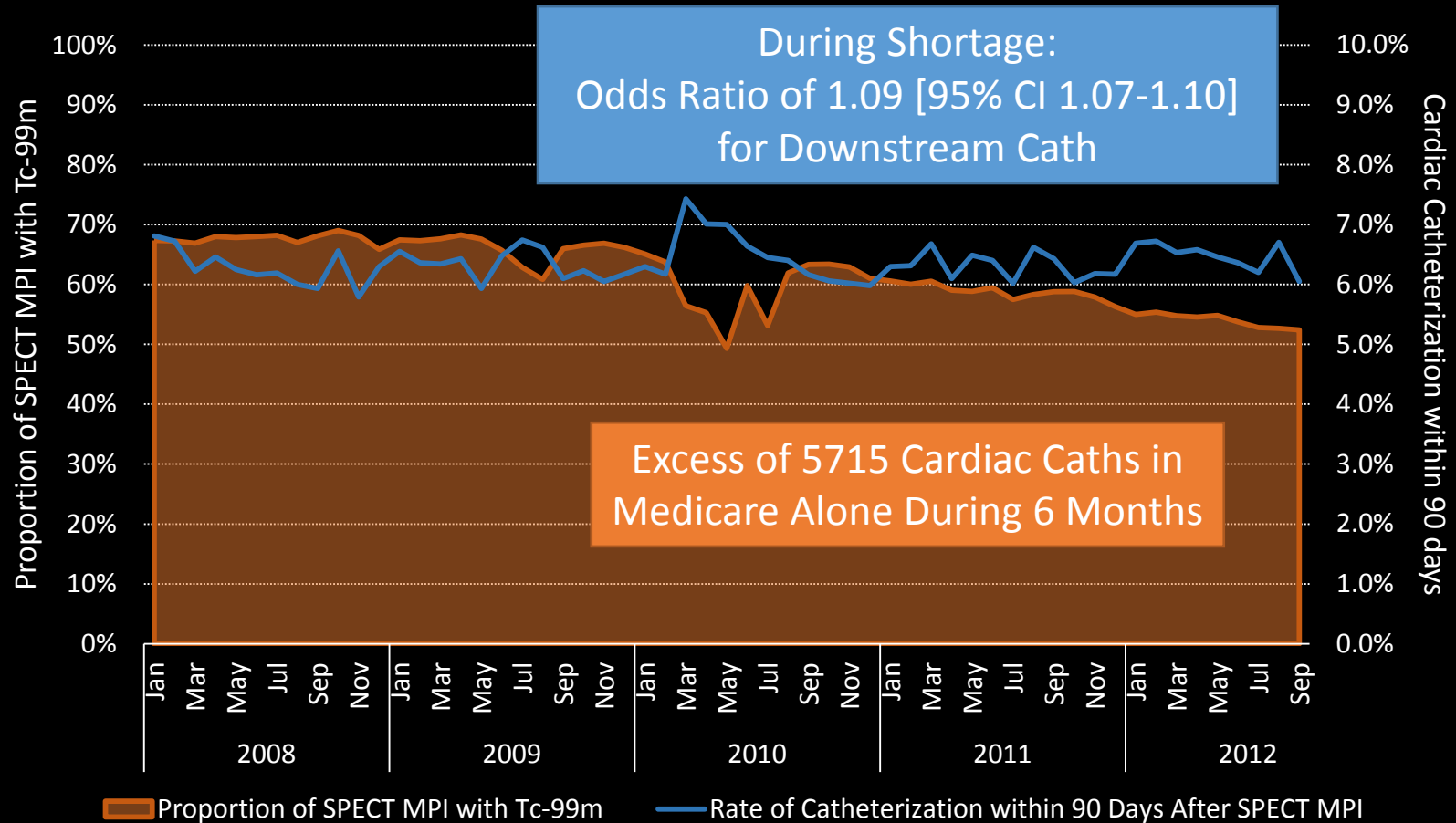
Ottawa Heart Institute: Increased Downstream Testing



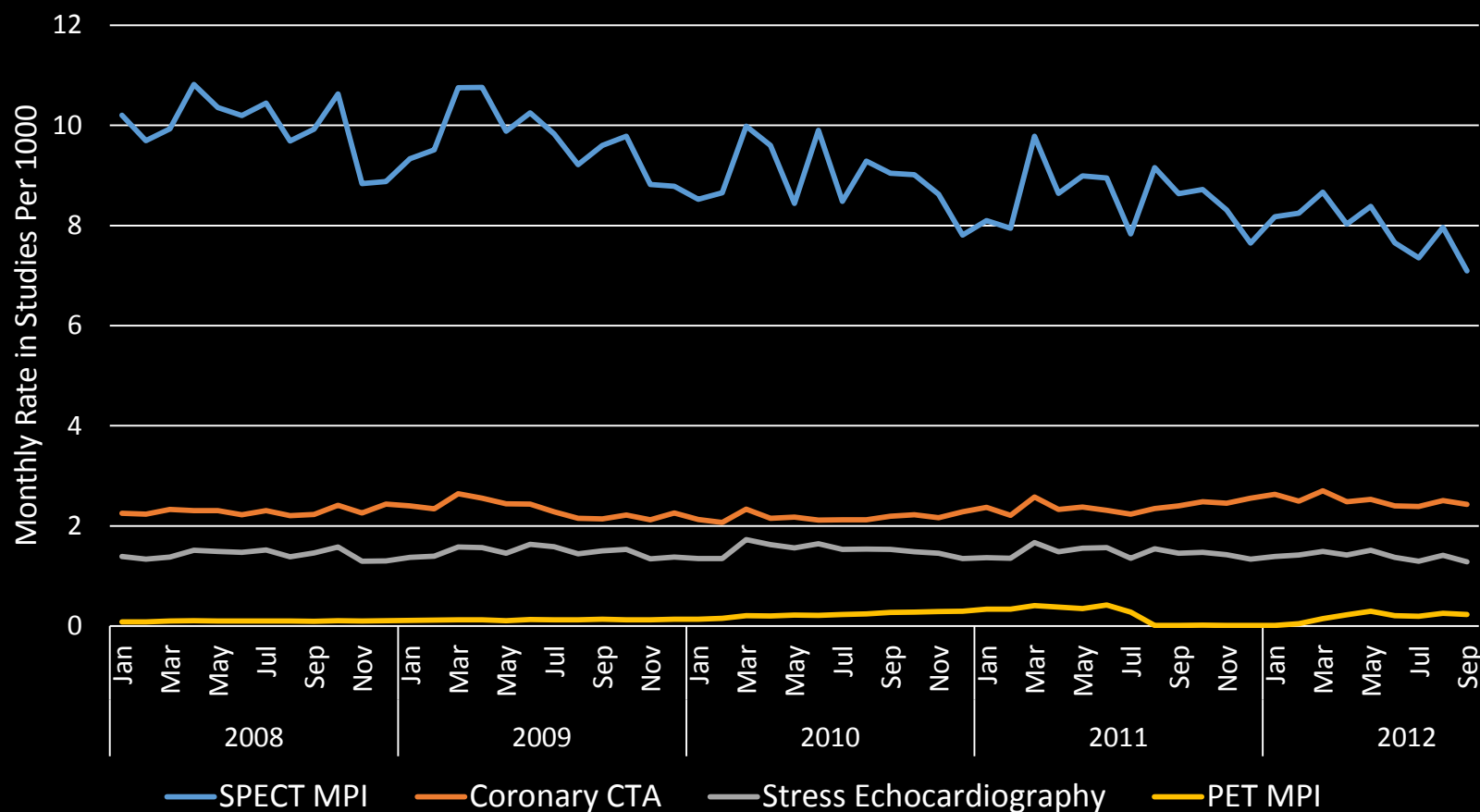
What Happened in the US?

- We studied data from Medicare claims 2008-2012
- 20% random sample of beneficiaries ≥ 65 years
- ~2 million stress tests with SPECT imaging
- Examined rates of downstream invasive coronary angiography within 90 days & alternative testing
- Compared March-August 2010 versus preceding and subsequent periods

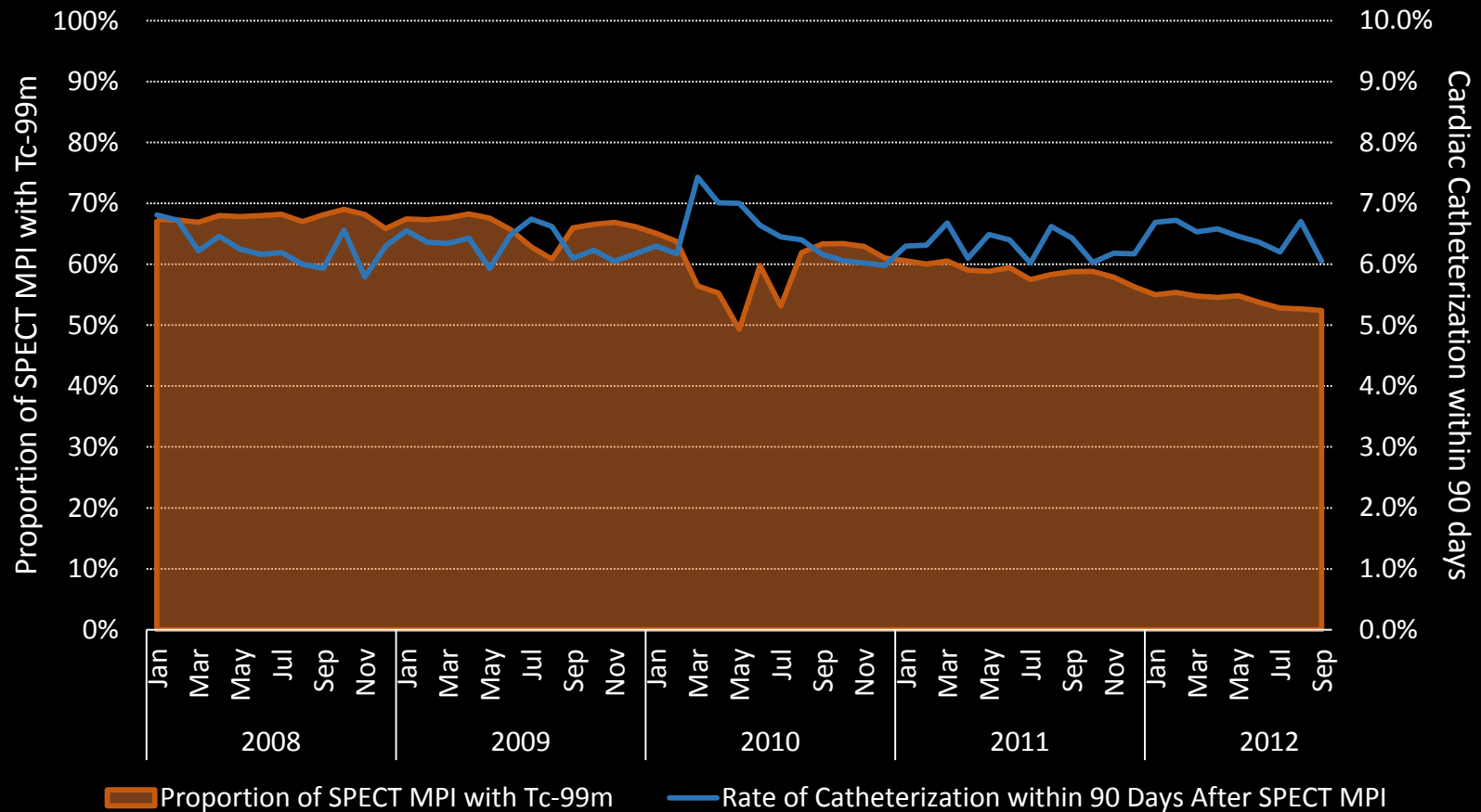
Medicare Trends: Use of Tc-99 and Downstream Catheterization



Medicare Trends: Alternative Testing



Concerning Pattern: Decreasing Rate of Technetium Use



Limitations

- Data are observational – causality is uncertain
- Medicare data may not generalize to private payers
- Formal analysis of costs, and projections for future shortages, not performed
 - Given average cost of cath likely to be \$100s of millions/year

Implications

(c) MEDICAL PRODUCTION LICENSE SUNSET

Effective 7 years after January 2, 2013, the Commission may not issue a license for the export of highly enriched uranium from the United States for the purposes of medical isotope production.

(g) SUSPENSION OF MEDICAL PRODUCTION LICENSE At any time after the restriction of export licenses provided for in subsection (c) becomes effective, if there is a critical shortage in the supply of molybdenum-99 available to satisfy the domestic United States medical isotope needs, the restriction of export licenses may be suspended for a period of no more than 12 months, if—

(1) the Secretary of Energy certifies to the Congress that the export of United States-origin highly enriched uranium for the purposes of medical isotope production is the only effective temporary means to increase the supply of molybdenum-99 necessary to meet United States medical isotope needs during that period; and

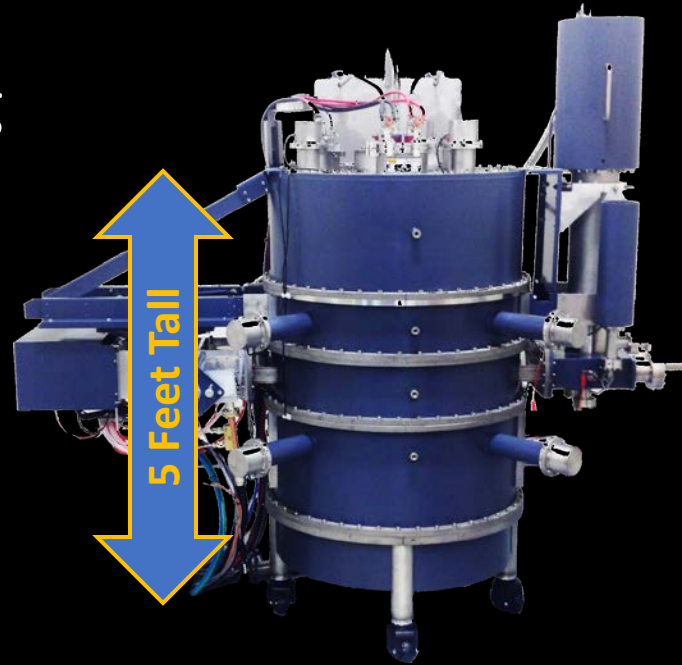
(2) the Congress enacts a Joint Resolution approving the temporary suspension of the restriction of export licenses.

Issues Limiting Alternative Testing

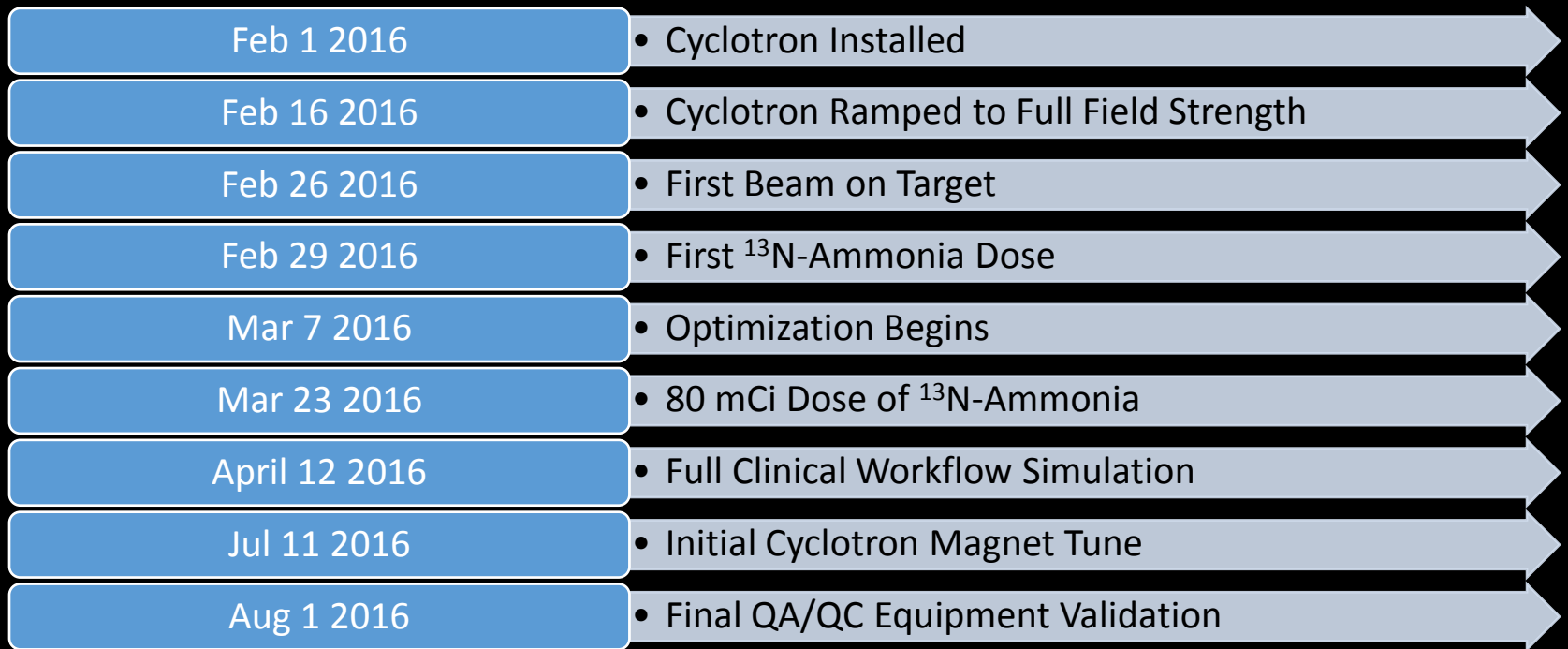
- Stress echocardiography
 - Difficult to image patients with obesity or COPD
 - Requires skilled technologists
- CT coronary angiography
 - Not suitable for higher heart rates, renal disease, prior stents
 - May increase costs due to overestimation bias/lack of flow limitation assessment
- Stress MRI
 - Lack of widespread skillset
 - Complexity of managing complications in MR
 - Not suitable for renal disease, pacemakers and other devices
- Stress PET
 - High cost of cyclotron for production of N-13 ammonia or O-15 water
 - Limited supply and cost of Sr-82/Rb-82 generators

Possible Solution to the PET Tracer Problem: The Mini-Cyclotron

- 12 MeV, 10 μ A positive ion cyclotron
- 4.5 Tesla superconducting magnets enable compact form factor
- Standard power
- High temperature superconductor eliminates need for liquid nitrogen/helium
- Highly automated



ION-12^{SC} Validation Timeline at UMHS



Acknowledgements



INSTITUTE FOR HEALTHCARE
POLICY & INNOVATION
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

- Brahmajee K. Nallamothu, MD
- Jessica Lehrich, MSc
- Phyllis Wright-Slaughter, MHS



CARDIOVASCULAR
CENTER

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN HEALTH SYSTEM

- James R. Corbett, MD
- Edward P. Ficaro, PhD
- Keri Hiller, CNMT
- Peter J.H. Scott, PhD

- Contact: vlmurthy@med.umich.edu

SAVE THE DATE 7-9 May 2017, Vienna AUSTRIA



INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON
**NUCLEAR
CARDIOLOGY
AND CARDIAC CT**

Call for abstracts & clinical cases
15 Sept – 21 Nov 2016

Early registration fee deadline
27 February 2017



#ICNC2017 www.icnc2017.org

