

Technical Aspects of Non-HEU Mo-99 & Tc-99m Production: An IAEA Update

J. Dix, J. Osso
International Atomic Energy Agency

Mo-99 Topical Meeting
11-15 September 2016 St Louis, MO

International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)



1953: UN General Assembly

1957: IAEA born-Vienna; 56 MS

2005: Nobel Peace Prize

2016: 168 MS; ~ 2500 staff



ATTOMIS FURTAGE

Statutory Mandate

The Agency shall seek to accelerate and enlarge the contribution of atomic energy to peace, health and prosperity throughout the world.

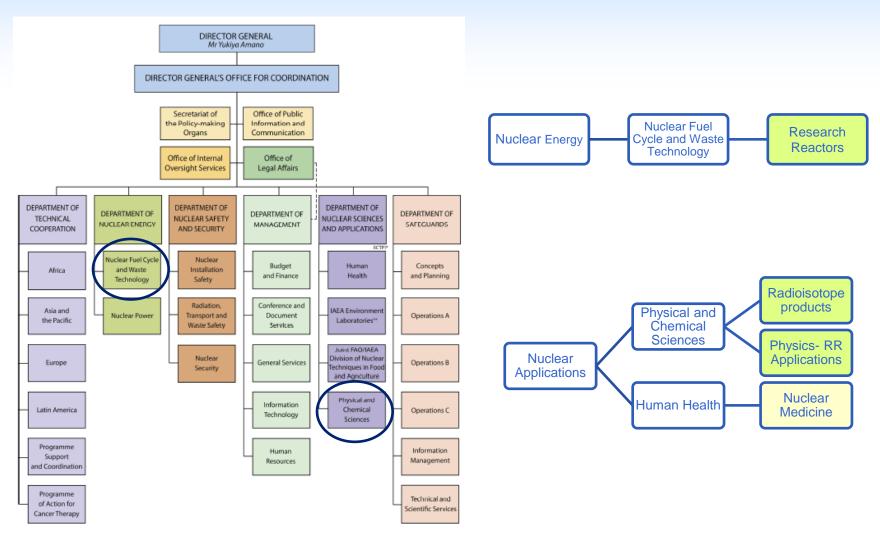




To assist its Member States, in the context of social and economic goals, in planning for and using nuclear science and technology for various peaceful purposes, including the generation of electricity, and facilitate the transfer of such technology and knowledge in a sustainable manner to developing Member States.



IAEA Organization for Mo-99 Activities





IAEA's Mo-99/Tc-99m related activities

- Stability of supply of Mo-99 in Member States
- HEU minimization
- Indigenous production using non-HEU targets
- Small-scale production of Mo-99 or Tc-99m for local use and associated regulatory aspects
- New alternatives to Tc-99m radiopharmaceuticals
- Coordination and participation in the OECD-NEA's HLG-MR



Mechanisms for assistance

 Coordinated Research Projects (CRPs)— professionals/ experts from 15-20 member countries (MS) participate in a research project of common interest, share the knowledge and experience and often achieve tangible results/success.



 Training events – need based; budget dependent thematic training events in specific topics- 15-20 MS professionals trained with focus on important aspects.



- Thematic technical meetings: professionals (typically 30-40) with expertise in the 'theme' from the MSs present their work; discussions often lead to further actions
- Publications
- Conferences



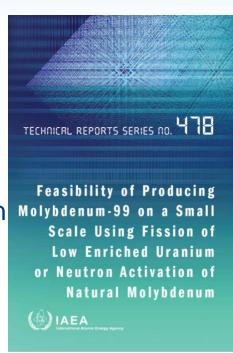


Coordinated Research Projects



Developing Techniques for Small Scale Indigenous Molybdenum-99 Production Using LEU Fission or Neutron Activation (n, γ)

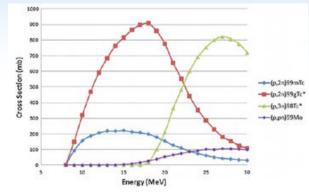
- 2005-2011
- 14 Member States
- IAEA Technical Report Series No. 478: "Feasibility of Producing Molybdenum-99 on a Small Scale Using Fission of Low Enriched Uranium or Neutron Activation of Natural Molybdenum"
 - http://www-pub.iaea.org/MTCD/Publications/PDF/trs478web-32777845.pdf



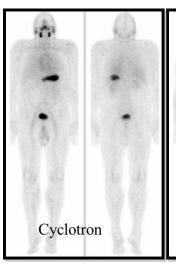


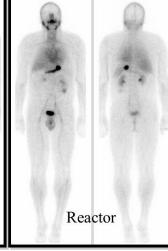
Accelerator-based Alternatives to Non-HEU production of Mo-99/Tc-99m

- 2011-2015
- 18 participants from 16 Member States
- Production of Tc-99m in cyclotron very successful
- Technology to produce several (>30) Ci Tc-99m per run in medical cyclotrons of energies below 24 MeV proven; clinical trials under way; regulatory approvals sought
- Self-sufficiency in hospitals/towns/country
- Good option for hospital or radiopharmacy; local productions
- Target specifications; reuse of targets etc. need consideration



Irradiation Parameters





Comparison of cyclotron- and reactor-based Tc-99m pertechnetate for the Univ. of Alberta Clinical Trial (cancer thyroid patients imaged postthyroidectomy) 8



Sharing and Developing Protocols to Further Minimize Radioactive Gaseous Releases to the Environment in the Manufacture of Medical Radioisotopes, as GMP

- 2014 ongoing
- Initiated as result of a request from a five Member States - May 2014
- First Research & Coordination Meeting -August 2015
- Second Research & Coordination
 Meeting planned 1Q 2017
- Participants and observers from Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Indonesia, The Netherlands, Pakistan, Poland, Rep. of Korea, USA.





New Ways of Producing Tc-99m and Tc-99m Generators

- Planned <u>new</u> CRP for 2017
- Recommendation from Technical Meeting on same topic (March 2016)
- Aimed as use of low specific activity Mo-99 for generator preparation and accelerator production of Tc-99m





Training Events



Mo-99 production by (n,γ) – Round Robin

Objectives:

- Assist in organization of Round Robin for Mo-99 production by ⁰n₁ capture
- Promote non-HEU production pathways
- Facilitate estimates for local supply of Mo-99

Means:

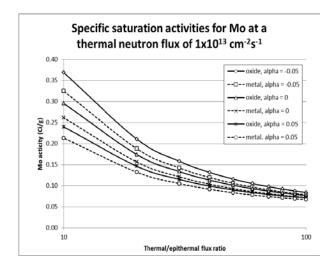
- Provision of samples and procedures
- Advice and evaluation by international experts
- Irradiation results analysis, both individual & group
- Follow up workshops
- Expert missions to identified labs

Results:

- 16 RR facilities
- Analysis December 2015 workshop
- Demonstrated that ~1-3Ci/g specific saturation activities with flux of 1x10¹⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹
- Summary paper accepted for publication in the Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear
 Chemistry







Supporting the Global Deployment of Mo-99 Production Capacity for Nuclear Medicine Applications without the Use of HEU

- Started 2013
- Aimed at assisting small-scale, national-level producers in setting up their production capability
 - NOT aimed at creating commercial producers
- Supports LEU fission or n,γ -based production
- Expert missions to Mexico, Morocco, Peru, Poland and Romania (Egypt and Malaysia conducted earlier)



Interregional Training Courses & Workshops

- India (Board of Radiation and Isotope Technology)
 - 22-27 June 2015
 - 15 participants from 12 MS
 - Lectures, demonstrations and visits:
 - Production and supply of Mo-99
 - Aspects related to (n,gamma) production
 - Generators with low specific Mo-99 (gel generator)
 - Solvent extraction of Tc-99m
 - Hot cells
 - Regulatory issues
- Kazakhstan (Institute of Nuclear Physics)
 - Planned for 2017, in tandem with the closing of the round robin activity
- Round Robin Workshop
 - To explore the use of Tc-99m radioactivity concentration units and high capacity absorbers for Mo
 - Planned for 2017



Thematic Technical Meetings



Global Capabilities for the Production and Manufacture of Molybdenum-99 Targets

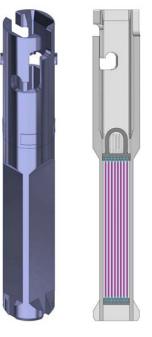
- 20-21 October 2015
- 31 participants from 15 Member States + EU Commission
- Objectives:
 - Discuss current and upcoming techniques and capabilities for the manufacture of targets used in the production of Mo-99



LEU foil target (USA)



Irradiation baskets (Belgium)



Target holder and plates (Korea)



Regulatory Aspects of Radiopharmaceutical Production

- 7-11 December 2015
- 9 participants from 8 Member States
- Objectives and recommendations:
 - □ To share experience of current radiopharmaceutical regulation status in participating MSs;
 - □ To define a work plan for IAEA to support MSs that require assistance in this issue, in the form of education, training and harmonization tools;
 - □ To evaluate the need for an IAEA publication with recommendations of how new facilities or those that need renovation can comply with national

regulations.



New Ways of Producing Tc-99m and Tc-99m Generators

- 14-18 March 2016
- 17 participants from 8 Member States
- Objectives:
 - Evaluate alternative routes for the production of Tc-99m and Mo-99
 - Evaluate optimization of available generators

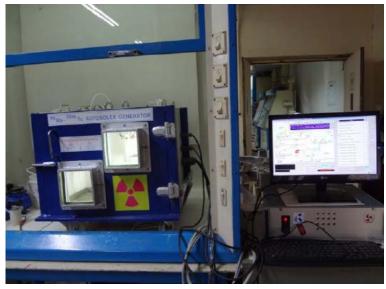
 Evaluate current status and potential development of Mo-99/Tc-99m generators using low specific activity Mo-99

Recommendations:

- Round-robin
- Training course
- New CRP
- Publication

Concerns

- Supply of enriched Mo target materials
- Regulatory issues



TCM-AUTOSOLEX Separation module with Control Unit (India)



IAEA Publications



Publications on Mo-99/Tc-99m



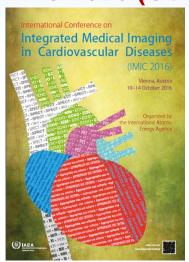


Conferences & Upcoming Activities



Upcoming IAEA Conferences

IMIC 2016 (Oct 10-14, 2016)



- Special Plenary Session on 12 Oct.
- Session VI : Radiopharmacy
 - Kevin Charlton OECD role (HLG-MR)
 - Sally Schwarz GMP in US (FDA; IND)
 - Adriano Duatti Cardiac agents (Tc-99m, Tl-201 & PET)

2019 – International Symposium on Trends in Radiopharmaceuticals (approved) proposed date 06-10 May 2019



Upcoming Activities

CRPs

- 27 Feb. 3 March 2017 (proposed): RCM #2 of Emissions CRP
- TBD New Ways of Producing Tc-99m and Tc-99m Generators

Training Events

- 2017 Interregional Training Course in Kazakhstan
- 2017 Round robin on absorbers

Complementary events

Thematic Technical Meetings

- 2017 2nd Mo-99 target meeting
- 2017 Workshop on Regulatory Aspects of Radiopharmaceutical Production



